

a UNEP convened initiative

Integrated Action for Air Quality & Climate

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Photo: Alexander Mils on Unsplash

The Problems

The Problem of Air Pollution



Air pollution kills millions of people each year, impacts supplies of the food we eat, and costs the global economy trillions of dollars

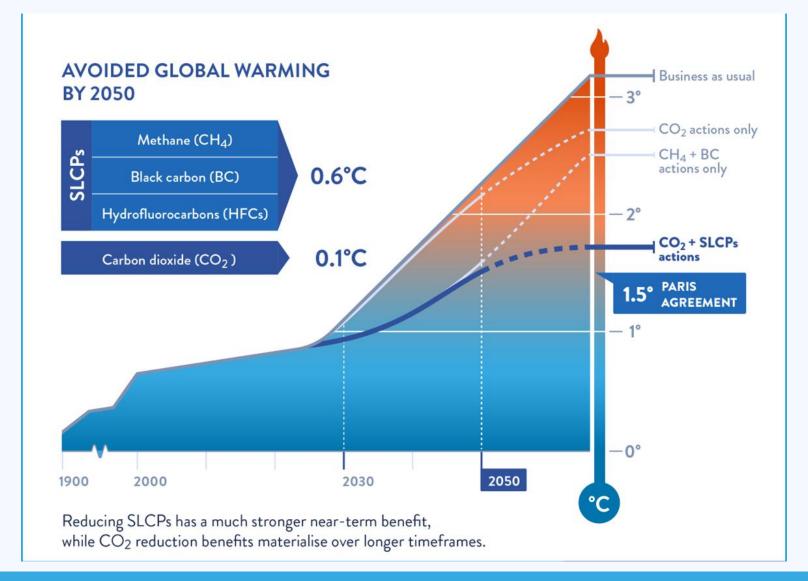
These impacts are not shared equally – 95% of the deaths are in developing countries and vulnerable populations are more susceptible to harm

Improving air quality returns benefits many times the cost





The Problem of Climate Change

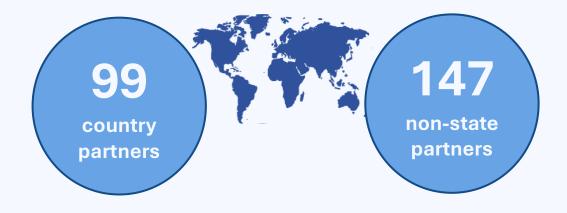


An Integrated Solution

Meet the CCAC



A global, voluntary partnership dedicated to tackling short-lived climate pollutants, including methane, black carbon, hydrofluorocarbons, and tropospheric ozone



The CCAC promotes an integrated approach to climate and clean air, with low-cost, readily available solutions to be implemented this decade



CCAC Ministerial Meeting, COP27, Sharm El Sheikh, Egypt

What Are Short-Lived Climate Pollutants?



SLCPs provide us the best chance of avoiding the worst of the climate crisis and limiting warming to 1.5C.

SLCPs are responsible for up to **50% of global warming**, and some are also **dangerous air pollutants** which negatively affect human health and the environment.



Sources of Short-Lived Climate Pollutants



HFCs / Cooling



Heavy-Duty Vehicles & Engines



Household Energy



Fossil Fuels



Waste

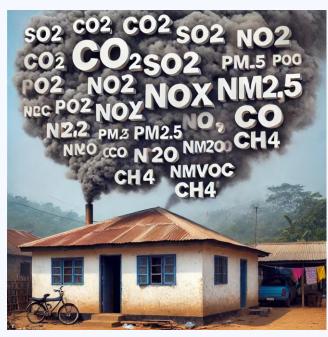


Agriculture



Many Sources Co-Emit Pollutants







- When you reduce emissions, multiple pollutants can be reduced at the same time
- Multiple impacts over multiple timescales and local, regional and global scales

What is CCAC doing?

CCAC's Approach





Political Advocacy

Convening leaders showcase the importance of addressing SLCPs, air pollution, and health



Scientific and Integrated Approach

Creating a scientificallybased approach that integrates both climate and clean air action to give decision makers the confidence to act



Country-Driven Projects

Support countries with capacity building, expert assistance, planning, science research, and support the development of national policies





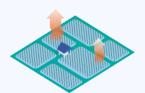






Tackling SLCPs in Brazil





CCAC project integrating methane mitigation into national agriculture strategies





CCAC project reducing methane emissions from the livestock sector





Partnering with CCAC to develop a methane mitigation strategy for the waste sector



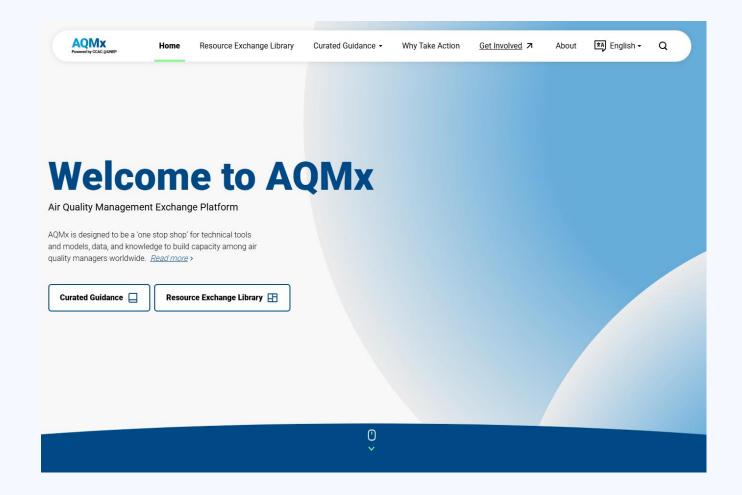


Fast action on country-led priorities since joining the CCAC in 2023



AQMx

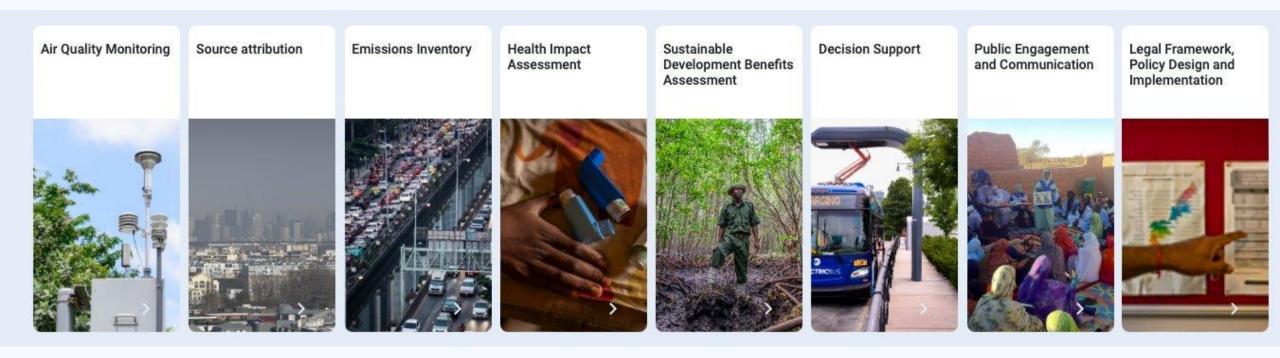
- A "one-stop-shop" for knowledge and guidance on air quality management
- A trusted source for air quality managers worldwide, supporting them in the implementation of effective clean air policies and in meeting the WHO air quality guidelines and interim targets
- A collaborative process, harnessing collective knowledge: AQMx TAG leading the development of the guidance + members of the CCAC
 Clean Air Task Team taking part in the review process to ensure buy-in + Air
 Quality Managers focus group





AQMx Content: Curated Guidance

8 Curated Guidance pages with 10 basic steps to get started with AQM for jurisdictions with different levels of expertise



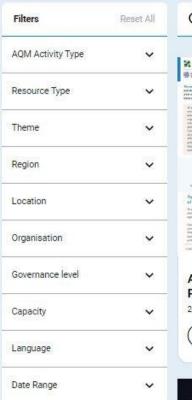
AQMx Resource **Exchange Library**

Resource Types:

- Databases
- Guidelines, Tools & Models
- Reports, Case Studies and Assessment
- Scientific Publications
- Online Training & Resources
- Standards, Regulation, Legislation and Agreements

More than 900 resources, to be updated over time.

AQMx Resource Exchange Library







Air Quality and Health in Cities - State of ...





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2024





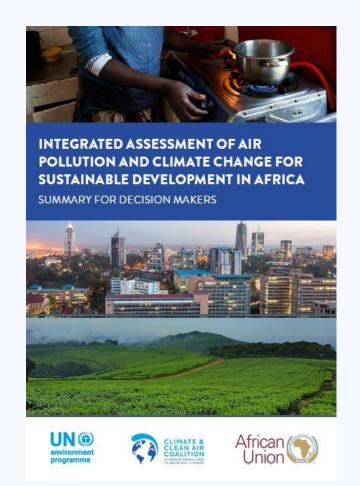
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Air Quality Management for... 2024

Integrated Assessment of Air Pollution and Climate Change for Sustainable Development in Africa



16



- Partners: CCAC, Stockholm Environment Institute, UNEP-ROA, African Union Commission
- 37 Mitigation Measures:
 - Targeted key sectors: Transport, industry, agriculture, waste, and household energy
 - Reduce emissions of PM2.5, black carbon, and methane, improving health & food security
 - Benefits: Prevents hundreds of thousands of deaths, improves crop yields, and mitigates climate change
- Implementation: Requires regional cooperation, strong policies, and investment in clean technology

Morocco

Updating emission inventory, and improve regulations and standards of air pollution in the industrial sector

Africa Clean Air Programme Champion Countries

Ghana

Center of Excellence in Air Quality Monitoring, with CAF

South Africa

(TEA) includes national clean air action plan as a roadmap for SLCP, GHG, and air pollutant reductions (short to long term) Kenya
Work on clean cooking

Madagascar
Regional standards on air
Quality for the Indian
Ocean Commission and
the SADC

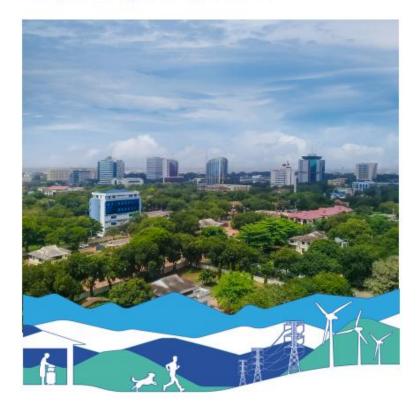
CCAC NDC GUIDANCE

- 1. Include Specific Measures to Reduce Black Carbon and Tropospheric Ozone Precursors
- 2. Align Climate and Air Quality Commitments Including measures or goals set in national or subnational air quality action plans.
- 3. Set additional quantified targets for emissions reductions
- 4. Quantify and Include Human Health, Food Security, and Other Benefits
 Including ozone benefits as a result of reductions in other SLCPs e.g. methane.



Guidance on Including Black Carbon and other Air Pollutants in NDCs

Catalysing integrated climate and air quality action for health, food security, and development benefits



What are the challenges?



Key Challenges to an Integrated Approach on Air Quality & Climate

- Pollution comes from many sources and doesn't stop at borders
- Many countries lack access to air quality monitoring and other data
- Limited technical capacity or human resources can hinder progress
- There is insufficient funding for air quality projects and the funding available does not reach those who need it most

